IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON DIVISION

RAYMOND ELSWICK,

Petitioner,

v.

CIVIL ACTION NO. 2:14-cv-29300

MARVIN PLUMLEY,

Respondent.

ORDER

This action was referred to the Honorable Cheryl A. Eifert for submission of proposed findings of fact and recommendations for disposition pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636. On June 22, 2022, Judge Eifert submitted her Proposed Findings & Recommendation [ECF No. 53] ("PF&R") recommending that the court **DENY** Petitioner's Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 and Amended Petition [ECF Nos. 4, 40]; **GRANT** Respondent's Motion to Dismiss and for Judgment on the Pleadings [ECF No. 48]; and **DISMISS**, with prejudice, this matter from the court's docket.

A district court "shall make a de novo determination of those *portions* of the report or *specified* proposed findings or recommendations to which objection is made." 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C) (emphasis added); *see* Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(3). Failure to file *specific* objections pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C) . . . may be construed by

any reviewing court as a waiver of such objection." *Veney v. Astrue*, 539 F. Supp. 2d 841, 845 (W.D. Va. 2008); *see United States v. Midgette*, 478 F.3d 616, 622 (4th Cir. 2007) ("[T]o preserve for appeal an issue in a magistrate judge's report, a party must object to the finding or recommendation on that issue with sufficient specificity so as reasonably to alert the district court of the true ground for the objection."). General objections do not meet the requirements set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C) or Rule 72(b), and, therefore, constitute a waiver of de novo review. *See Howard's Yellow Cabs, Inc. v. United States*, 987 F. Supp. 469, 474 (W.D. N.C. 1997).

The PF&R submitted by Judge Eifert gave notice to the parties that they had a total of seventeen days from the filing of the PF&R within which to file with the Clerk of this Court, specific written objections, identifying the portions of the PF&R to which objection is made, and the basis of such objection. Despite this guidance, the Petitioner's "objections" fail to make specific objections or identify any alleged errors other than a general notion that the Magistrate Judge "has disregarded the laws." [ECF No. 54]. Therefore, the court **FINDS** that a de novo review of the PF&R is not required.

The court accepts and incorporates herein the PF&R and orders judgment consistent therewith. The court **DENIES** Petitioner's Petition for a Writ of Habeas Corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 and Amended Petition [ECF Nos. 4, 40]; **GRANTS** Respondent's Motion to Dismiss and for Judgment on the Pleadings [ECF No. 48]; **DISMISSES**, with prejudice; and **DIRECTS** that this action be removed from the docket.

appealability. See 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c). A certificate will not be granted unless there is "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." *Id.* § 2253(c)(2). The standard is satisfied only upon a showing that reasonable jurists would find that any

The court has additionally considered whether to grant a certificate of

assessment of the constitutional claims by this court is debatable or wrong and that

any dispositive procedural ruling is likewise debatable. Miller-El v. Cockrell, 537

U.S. 322, 336-38 (2003); Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000); Rose v. Lee, 252

F.3d 676, 683-84 (4th Cir. 2001). The court concludes that the governing standard is

not satisfied in this instance. Accordingly, the court **DENIES** a certificate of

appealability.

The court **DIRECTS** the Clerk to send a copy of this Order to counsel of record

and any unrepresented party.

ENTER:

July 25, 2022

ØSEPH R. GOODWIN

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE